

Kansas Administrative Regulations

Department of Health and Environment

Article 24.—Sanitary Regulations for the Practice of Cosmetology, Nail Technology, Electrology, or Esthetics

28-24-3. Communicable diseases or conditions.

(a) No practitioner shall provide either of the following:

(1) Any service to a consumer who has pediculosis, open sores, inflamed tissue suggesting a communicable disease or condition, fungus, lice, including head, body, or pubic, or ringworm, until the consumer furnishes to the practitioner a statement signed by a licensed physician stating that the communicable disease or condition is not in an infectious, contagious, or communicable stage; or

(2) any service while having pediculosis, open sores, or inflamed tissue suggesting a communicable disease or condition, fungus, lice, including head, body, or pubic, or ringworm, until the practitioner obtains a statement signed by a licensed physician stating that the communicable disease or condition is not in an infectious, contagious, or communicable stage.

(b) If a service has been started and a practitioner discovers that a consumer has pediculosis, open sores, inflamed tissue suggesting a communicable disease or condition, fungus, lice, including head, body, or pubic, or ringworm, the practitioner shall perform the following:

- (1) Stop services immediately in a safe manner;
- (2) inform the consumer why the service was stopped; and
- (3) clean and disinfect all affected tools, work areas, and waiting areas.

(c) If there is a likelihood of exposure to blood or body fluids while practicing cosmetology, nail technology, esthetics, or electrology, the practitioner shall wear single-use protective gloves, and each contaminated single-use item shall be double-bagged, sealed, and disposed of in a closed waste receptacle.

(d) If a blood exposure occurs, the practitioner shall perform all of the following procedures:

- (1) Stop service immediately;
 - (2) put on protective gloves;
 - (3) clean the injured area with an antiseptic solution and cover the wound with a sterile bandage to prevent further blood exposure;
 - (4) clean and disinfect all equipment, instruments, and surfaces that came in contact with blood; and
 - (5) double-bag all contaminated items, including gloves, and dispose of the contaminated items in a closed waste receptacle.
- (Authorized by and implementing K.S.A. 65-1,148; effective Jan. 4, 1993; amended Oct. 5, 2007; amended April 10, 2020.)

***** Authenticated Kansas Administrative Regulation *****